AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method for conveying data between terminals in a

communications network comprising at least one low-bit-rate artery and at least one standard-bit-rate artery, the data to be transmitted taking the form of packets having a size

smaller than the size of a basic transmission unit, the method comprising:

receiving, from a first originating terminal at an adaptation unit of a first switch in the

communications network, data according to a first protocol;

converting the received data into coded frames using a compression algorithm;

forming a packet of application data according to a second protocol, the packet of

application data comprising a plurality of the coded frames;

forming a Common Part Sublayer packet comprising the packet of application data and a

Common Part Sublayer header including information required by at least one of the first or

second protocols;

inserting the Common Part Sublayer packet into a first basic transmission unit at a rate of

one packet per unit for transmission transmitting the packet of application data via the

standard-bit-rate artery to a first end of the low-bit-rate artery;

at the first end of the low-bit-rate artery[[:]].

extracting the Common Part Sublayer packets from the first basic transmission

units-and from basic transmission units received from different originating terminals;

multiplexing the extracted Common Part Sublayer packets packet of application

data and one or more packets received from a different originating terminal into a second basic

transmission unit for transmission to a second end of the low-bit-rate artery[[;]], and sending

transmitting the second basic transmission unit from the first end to the second end of the low-

bit-rate artery;

at the second end of the low-bit-rate artery[[:]],

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receiving the second basic transmission unit:

extracting the Common Part Sublayer packets from the second basic transmission

unit[[;]], and

determining the transmitting the packet of application data to a terminating

terminal; to which each of the Common Part Sublayer packets belong and inserting each of the

determined Common Part Sublayer packets into a third basic transmission unit at a rate of one

packet per unit; and

sending the third basic transmission unit from the second end of the low bit rate

artery to an adaptation unit of a second switch in the communications network to which the

terminating terminal is assigned; and

at the adaptation unit of the second switch:

extracting the Common Part Sublayer packet from each third basic transmission

unit:

determining the address of the terminating terminal;

determining whether any Common Part Sublaver packet has been lost:

extracting the coded frames from the packet of application data; and

decompressing the coded frames to recreate the data from the originating terminal.

2. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

forming a Common Part Sublayer packet comprising the packet of application data;

multiplexing data in the Common Part Sublayer packets from the same originating

terminal packet into the basic transmission unit before transmission [[to]] at the first end of the

low-bit-rate artery; and

demultiplexing the data in the Common Part Sublayer packets extracted packet at the

second end of the low-bit-rate artery.

(Canceled)

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4. (Currentlyamended) The method according to claim [[1]] 2, wherein the second

protocol comprises an AAL2 protocol, and wherein the AAL2 protocol is used when

multiplexing the Common Part Sublayer packets in packet into the second basic transmission

unit.

(Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the packet of

application data includes a fixed number of successive coded frames.

6. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first protocol

comprises further comprising receiving data to be converted into the coded frames according to

an AAL1 protocol.

7. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising, [[if]]

when the second end of the low-bit-rate artery corresponds to a first end of an additional

low-bit-rate artery, repeating the multiplexing of the Common Part Sublayer packets packet of

application data and one or more packets received from [Ithell a different originating

terminals in terminal into a second basic transmission unit for transmission from the first end to a

second end of the additional low-bit-rate artery.

(Canceled)

(Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, further comprising using

a user to user information (UUI) field in the header of the Common Part Sublayer packet

of application data to check the integrity of the data sent between [[the]] an originating terminal

and the terminating terminal in the communications network.

10. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the data from the

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originating terminal comprises video or digital voice data.

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11. (Currently amended) An apparatus for data transmission between an originating

terminal and a terminating terminal in a communications network comprising at least one

low-bit-rate artery and at least one standard-bit-rate artery, wherein the apparatus comprises

comprising:

a multiplexer device having a packetization function and a switching function, wherein

the switching function of $\underline{in}\ communication\ with\ the\ at\ least\ one\ low-bit-rate\ artery\ and\ at\ least\ one\ low-bit-rate\ artery\ arter$

one standard-bit-rate artery, wherein the multiplexer device is configured to switch packets

of compressed data transmitted in basic transmission units according to an adaptation layer

protocol among several virtual lines constituted by connections in multiplexed or

non-multiplexed mode, wherein data from the originating terminal transmitted on the at least one

standard-bit-rate artery is multiplexed with data from another originating terminal onto the at

least one low-bit-rate artery; and

an adaptation unit associated with the terminating terminal, wherein the adaptation unit is

configured to[[:]] extract the packets from the basic transmission units, determine whether any

packet in the basic transmission units has been lost; and extract the data from the packets, and

decompress the data in order to recreate the data from the originating terminal.

(Currently amended) The apparatus according to claim 11, further comprising:

a shuffler configured to transmit first basic transmission units to the multiplexer device

for transmission through the at least one low-bit-rate artery and further configured to

transparently switch basic transmission units that are not to be transmitted through the at least

one low-bit-rate artery, wherein the packetization function of the multiplexer device is further

configured to extract the packets from the first basic transmission units and to insert the packets

into second basic transmission units for transmission through the at least one low-bit-rate artery,

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and

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a table configured to determine the at least one low-bit-rate artery over which the packets

in the second basic transmission units are to be transmitted.

13. (Currently amended) The apparatus according to claim [[12]] 11, wherein the

adaptation layer protocol is an AAL2 protocol.

14. (Currently amended) The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the apparatus

is an ATM switch that includes the multiplexer device, and wherein the multiplexer device is

configured to switch Common Part Sublayer packets among the several virtual lines constituted

by the connections in multiplexed or non-multiplexed mode, the connections comprising ATM

connections[[,]] in multiplexed or non-multiplexed AAL2 mode.

15. (Currently amended) A network configured to convey data between at least two

terminals, the network comprising:

one or more low-bit-rate arteries:

one or more standard-bit-rate arteries:

a multiplexer device having a packetization function and a switching function, wherein

the switching function of in communication with the one or more low-bit-rate arteries and the

one or more standard-bit-rate arteries, wherein the multiplexer device is configured to switch

packets of compressed data transmitted in basic transmission units among several virtual lines

constituted by connections in multiplexed or non-multiplexed mode, wherein data <u>from an</u> originating terminal transmitted on the one or more standard-bit-rate arteries is multiplexed

with data from another originating terminal onto the one or more low-bit-rate

arteries, and wherein at least one multiplexer device is positioned upstream to and downstream

from a data transmission on a low bit rate artery; and

a device associated with [[the]] a terminating terminal, wherein the device is configured

to extract the packets from the basic transmission units, determine whether any packet has been

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lost, and extract the data from the packets, and decompress the data in order to recreate data from the originating terminal.

16. (Currently amended) [[A]] The network according to claim 15, wherein the

multiplexer device is incorporated into an ATM switch.

17. (Currently amended) The network [[of]] according to Claim 15, wherein network

eomprises <u>further comprising</u> at least two [[of the]] multiplexer devices, wherein a first multiplexer device is positioned at a first end of a low-bit-rate artery and a second multiplexer

device is positioned at a second end of the low-bit-rate artery.

wherein the first multiplexer device is configured to:

extract a plurality of packets from first basic transmission units received from

different originating terminals[[;]] and to multiplex the extracted packets in a second basic

transmission unit of a virtual eircuit line between the first end and the second end of the

low-bit-rate artery for transmission of the second basic transmission unit from the first end to the

second end of the low-bit-rate artery; and

wherein the second multiplexer device is configured to:

receive the second basic transmission unit; extract the packets from the second

basic transmission unit[[;]], determine the terminating terminal to which each of the packets

belong[[:]], and insert each of the packets into a third basic transmission unit at a rate of one

packet per unit for transmission to the terminating terminal.

18. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein further

comprising determining if it is determined that any Common Part Sublayer a packet has been

lost, and if so, then generating conventional data to replace the lost Common Part Sublayer

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packet.

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Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100 19. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the packet of

application data further includes a signaling byte indicating a mode of operation comprising at

least one of voice, fax, and the or a compression algorithm.

20. (Currently amended) The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein [[if]] the

adaptation unit determines that any is further configured to determine whether a packet has been

lost, the adaptation unit is further configured and to generate conventional data to replace the lost

packet.

21. (Currently amended) The network according to claim 15, wherein [[if]] the

device determines that any is further configured to determine whether a packet has been

lost, the device is configured and to generate conventional data to replace the lost packet.

22. (New) Apparatus for data transmission in a communications network,

comprising:

a first adaptation unit associated with an originating terminal, wherein the first adaptation

unit is configured to receive, from the originating terminal, data according to a first protocol,

convert the received data into coded frames using a compression algorithm, form a packet of

application data comprising a plurality of the coded frames according to a second protocol, and

insert the packet into a first basic transmission unit at a rate of one packet per unit for

transmission to a first end of a low-bit-rate artery;

a first multiplexer device associated with the first end of the low-bit-rate artery, wherein

the multiplexer device is configured to extract the packet from the first basic transmission unit

and from first basic transmission units received from different originating terminals, and to

multiplex the extracted packets into a second basic transmission unit for transmission to a second

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end of the low-bit-rate artery;

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a second multiplexer device associated with the second end of the low-bit-rate artery.

wherein the multiplexer device is configured to extract the packets from the second basic

transmission unit, determine the terminating terminal to which each of the packets belong, and

insert each of the packets into a third basic transmission unit for transmission to the terminating

terminal; and

a second adaptation unit associated with the terminating terminal, wherein the second

adaptation unit is configured to extract the packets from the third basic transmission unit, extract

the coded frames from the packets, and decompress the coded frames to recreate the data from

the originating terminal.

23. (New) A network configured to convey data between at least two terminals,

comprising:

one or more low-bit-rate arteries:

one or more standard-bit-rate arteries:

a first adaptation unit associated with an originating terminal, the first adaptation unit

configured to receive data from the originating terminal, convert the received data into coded

frames, form a packet of application data comprising a plurality of the coded frames, and insert

the packet into a first basic transmission unit for transmission to a first end of a low-bit-rate

artery;

a first multiplexer device associated with an upstream switch at the first end of the

low-bit-rate artery, the first multiplexer device configured to extract the packet from the first

basic transmission unit and from a first basic transmission unit received from a different

originating terminal, and to multiplex the extracted packets into a second basic transmission unit

for transmission to a second end of the low-bit-rate artery;

a second multiplexer device associated with a downstream switch at the second end of the

low-bit-rate artery, the multiplexer device configured to extract the packets from the second

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basic transmission unit, determine the terminating terminal to which each of the packets belong, and insert each of the packets into a third basic transmission unit for transmission to the

terminating terminal; and

a second adaptation unit associated with the terminating terminal, the second adaptation

unit configured to extract the packets from the third basic transmission unit, extract the coded

frames from the packets, and recreate the data from the coded frames.

24. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein transmitting the basic transmission unit

from the first end to the second end of the low-bit-rate artery automatically occurs at the end of

an adjustable time lag which is set when a first packet of application data is inserted into the

basic transmission unit

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